(d) and (e) The salient features of working arrangement:

_ (i) FIB A was to make arrangement in London for the exhibition site, for display counters and publicity.

(ii) The selection of participants and items for display and sale was to be made by FIBA.

(iii) Costs and expenses for transport of exhibits from India and their display and sale in 'Expo-London' was to be met by organisers and participating members.

(iv) The DSIDC was indemnifleu . by the organisers on behalf of participants, against all eventualities in respect of goods being taken by them for the exhibition.

(v) The goods »were to be taken. to London under the invoices ofDSIDC as sponsoring authority. The* DSIDC was also to assist release ofgoods in London.

(vi) DSIDC was to make arrangement for repatriation of sale proceeds from London* The sale, proceeds to be disbursed to the participants in Indian currency after repatriation. The DSIDC was to geC Service charge of 5 per cent on sale proceeds repatriated to India ^ from London (later reduced to 1 per cent duetto abnormal circumstances).

There was no question of any in come accruing to DSIDC, as accord- ing to Delhi Administration; this was a beginning made by DSIDC towards export promotion efforts for encour agement of women entrepreneurs, who were personally beleased by the late Prime Minister, Smt. Indira Gandhi a day bifore their departure for Lon don. Th« entire arrangement for the organisavion. of this exhibition was thrown out ol gear due to the sad as- sasinatten o| late Prime Minister Smt. Inu'lra Gandhi and the exhibition could nit T be held. The exhibits were put on Istres sale in London after they was handed over to the parti cipant.

So far, a sum of £11, 60 and $3, 350 have been repatriated. The" DSlDC will get 1 per cent of this amount as service charges. A sum of Bs. 1, 63, 070, 81 was spent by DSIDC.

**On-shore and off-shore drillings**

909. SHRI NARESH C PUGLIA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to-state:

(a) what is the total quantity of oil found recently as a result of on-shore and off-shore drillings in various parts of the country;

(b) how far it will help the country in achieving self-sufliciency in petrol and petroleum products; and

(c) what $i_s$ the likely deficit in our oil requirements without depending on OPEC countries as the oil import cost & reported to go up by Rs. 1300 cr. ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AN THE MINISTER OF THE STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI BRAHM DUTT; (a) Accretion to geological reserves of oil in 19, 85 was 116. 86 milUon tonnes. corres-ponding accretion in 1986 has yet to be assessed.

(b) The indigenous production of crude oil during 1987-88 is expected "to meet about 61 per cent of country's require-, ment of petroleum products.

(c) The total likely deficit of crude ' oil and petroleum products is expected to be 17. 34 million tonnes and 4. 8 million ton nes respectively. As some of our pur-! chases are in the international market which includes, non-OPEC sources also,it is not possible to indicate the likely deficit attributable nondependence on OPEC countries only.